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funds in the marketplace, including embedded options; and

- (ii) The administrative and operating costs associated with making such advances to members.
- (2) Differential pricing. (i) Each Bank may, in pricing its advances, distinguish among members based upon its assessment of:
- (A) The credit and other risks to the Bank of lending to any particular member; or
- (B) Other reasonable criteria that may be applied equally to all members.
- (ii) Each Bank shall include in its member products policy required by §917.4 of this chapter, standards and criteria for such differential pricing and shall apply such standards and criteria consistently and without discrimination to all members applying for advances.
- (3) Exceptions. The advance pricing policies contained in paragraph (b)(1) of this section shall not apply in the case of:
 - (i) A Bank's CICA programs; and
- (ii) Any other advances programs that are volume limited and specifically approved by the Bank's board of directors.
- (c) Authorization for pricing advances.
 (1) A Bank's board of directors, a committee thereof, or the Bank's president, if so authorized by the Bank's board of directors, shall set the rates of interest on advances consistent with paragraph (b) of this section.
- (2) A Bank president authorized to set interest rates on advances pursuant to this paragraph (c) may delegate any part of such authority to any officer or employee of the Bank.
- (d) Putable or convertible advances—(1) Disclosure. A Bank that offers a putable or convertible advance to a member shall disclose in writing to such member the type and nature of the risks associated with putable or convertible advance funding. The disclosure should include detail sufficient to describe such risks.
- (2) Replacement funding for putable advances. If a Bank terminates a putable advance prior to the stated maturity date of such advance, the Bank shall offer to provide replacement funding to the member, provided the member is able to satisfy the normal credit and

collateral requirements of the Bank for the replacement funding requested.

(3) Definition. For purposes of this paragraph (d), the term putable advance means an advance that a Bank may, at its discretion, terminate and require the member to repay prior to the stated maturity date of the advance.

[58 FR 29469, May 20, 1993, as amended at 61 FR 52687, Oct. 8, 1996; 65 FR 8263, Feb. 18, 2000. Redesignated and amended at 65 FR 44429, July 18, 2000]

§ 950.6 Fees.

- (a) Fees in member products policy. All fees charged by each Bank and any schedules or formulas pertaining to such fees shall be included in the Bank's member products policy required by \$917.4 of this chapter. Any such fee schedules or formulas shall be applied consistently and without discrimination to all members.
- (b) Prepayment fees. (1) Except where an advance product contains a prepayment option, each Bank shall establish and charge a prepayment fee pursuant to a specified formula which makes the Bank financially indifferent to the borrower's decision to repay the advance prior to its maturity date.
- (2) Prepayment fees are not required for:
- (i) Advances with original terms to maturity or repricing periods of six months or less:
- (ii) Advances funded by callable debt;
- (iii) Advances which are otherwise appropriately hedged so that the Bank is financially indifferent to their prepayment.
- (3) The board of directors of each Bank, a designated committee thereof, or officers specifically authorized by the board of directors, may waive a prepayment fee only if such prepayment will not result in an economic loss to the Bank. Any such waiver must subsequently be ratified by the board of directors.
- (4) A Bank, in determining whether or not to waive a prepayment fee, shall apply consistent standards to all of its members.
- (c) Commitment fees. Each Bank may charge a fee for its commitment to fund an advance.

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(d) Other fees. Each Bank is authorized to charge other fees as it deems necessary and appropriate.

[58 FR 29469, May 20, 1993; 65 FR 8263, Feb. 18, 2000. Redesignated and amended at 65 FR 44429, July 18, 2000]

§950.7 Collateral.

- (a) Eligible security for advances to all members. At the time of origination or renewal of an advance, each Bank shall obtain from the borrowing member or, in accordance with paragraph (g) of this section, an affiliate of the borrowing member, and thereafter maintain, a security interest in collateral that meets the requirements of one or more of the following categories:
- (1) Mortgage loans and privately issued securities. (i) Fully disbursed, whole first mortgage loans on improved residential real property not more than 90 days delinquent; or
- (ii) Privately issued mortgage-backed securities, excluding the following:
- (A) Securities that represent a share of only the interest payments or only the principal payments from the underlying mortgage loans;
- (B) Securities that represent a subordinate interest in the cash flows from the underlying mortgage loans;
- (C) Securities that represent an interest in any residual payments from the underlying pool of mortgage loans; or
- (D) Such other high-risk securities as the Board in its discretion may determine.
- (2) Agency securities. Securities issued, insured or guaranteed by the United States Government, or any agency thereof, including without limitation:
- (i) Mortgage-backed securities, as defined in §950.1 of this part, issued or guaranteed by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, or any other agency of the United States Government;
- (ii) Mortgages or other loans, regardless of delinquency status, to the extent that the mortgage or loan is insured or guaranteed by the United States or any agency thereof, or otherwise is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, and such

- insurance, guarantee or other backing is for the direct benefit of the holder of the mortgage or loan; and
- (iii) Securities backed by, or representing an equity interest in, mortgages or other loans referred to in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section.
- (3) Cash or deposits. Cash or deposits in a Bank.
- (4) Other real estate-related collateral.
 (i) Other real estate-related collateral provided that:
- (A) Such collateral has a readily ascertainable value, can be reliably discounted to account for liquidation and other risks, and can be liquidated in due course; and
- (B) The Bank can perfect a security interest in such collateral.
- (ii) Eligible other real estate-related collateral may include, but is not limited to:
- (A) Privately issued mortgagebacked securities not otherwise eligible under paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section;
- (B) Second mortgage loans, including home equity loans;
 - (C) Commercial real estate loans; and
 - (D) Mortgage loan participations.
- (5) Securities representing equity interests in eligible advances collateral. Any security the ownership of which represents an undivided equity interest in underlying assets, all of which qualify either as:
- (i) Eligible collateral under paragraphs (a)(1), (2), (3) or (4) of this section: or
 - (ii) Cash equivalents.
- (b) Additional collateral eligible as security for advances to CFI members or their affiliates—(1) General. Subject to the requirements set forth in part 980 of this chapter, a Bank is authorized to accept from CFI members or their affiliates as security for advances small business loans, small farm loans or small agribusiness loans fully secured by collateral other than real estate, or securities representing a whole interest in such loans, provided that:
- (i) Such collateral has a readily ascertainable value, can be reliably discounted to account for liquidation and other risks, and can be liquidated in due course; and
- (ii) The Bank can perfect a security interest in such collateral.